



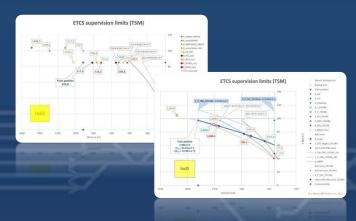
AŽD Praha s.r.o.

ETCS Braking curves: What has been done and what can still be improved/optimised?

Jakub Marek

UNISIG Braking curves TF Leader, representing the AŽD Praha company UNISIG Super Group Leader, representing the AŽD Praha company







 Let's join a journey towards better ETCS



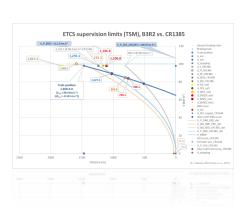




Let's join a journey towards better ETCS (speed & dist. sup.)

ETCS of today





ETCS of tomorrow





Would we like to see this?





Would we like to see this?





Or this?





Or this?





Or rather this?





Or rather this?



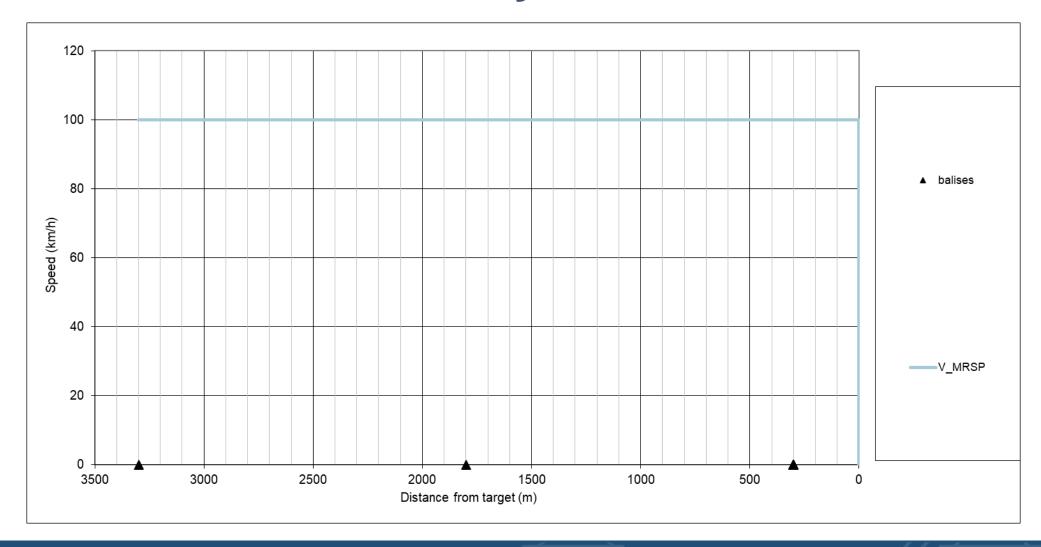


-How did the journey begin?

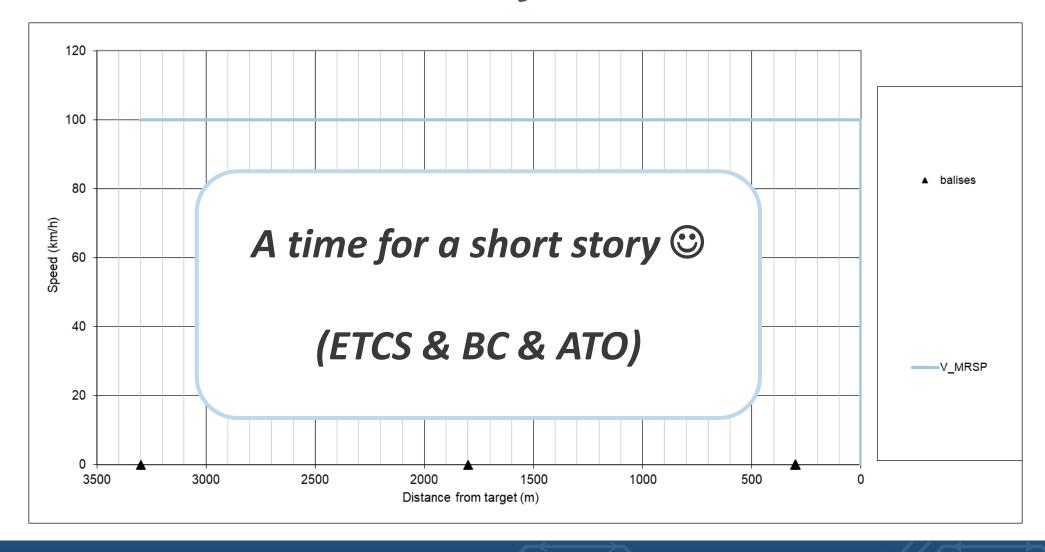
• Will this train be further braked by the B3R2 ERTMS/ETCS OBU?



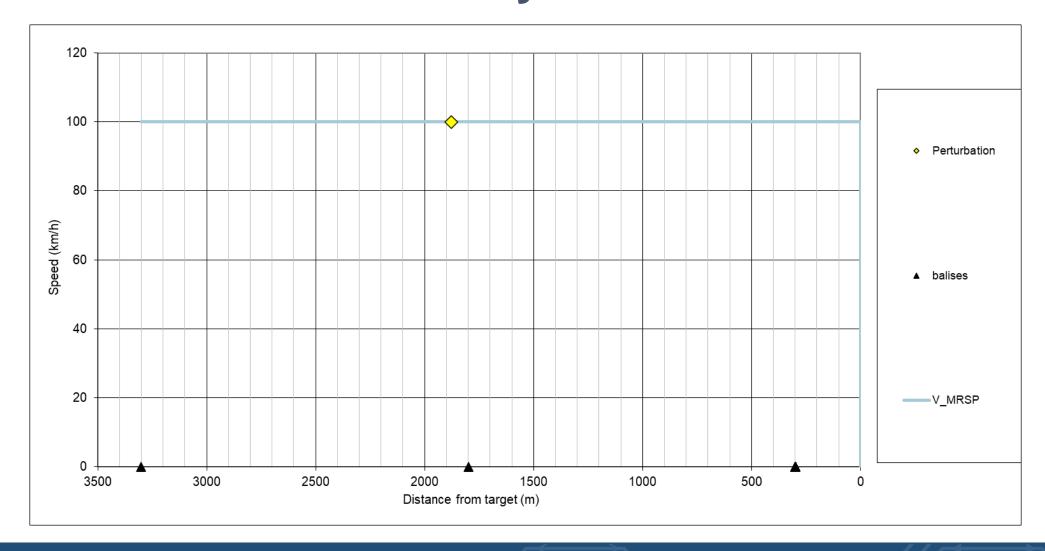




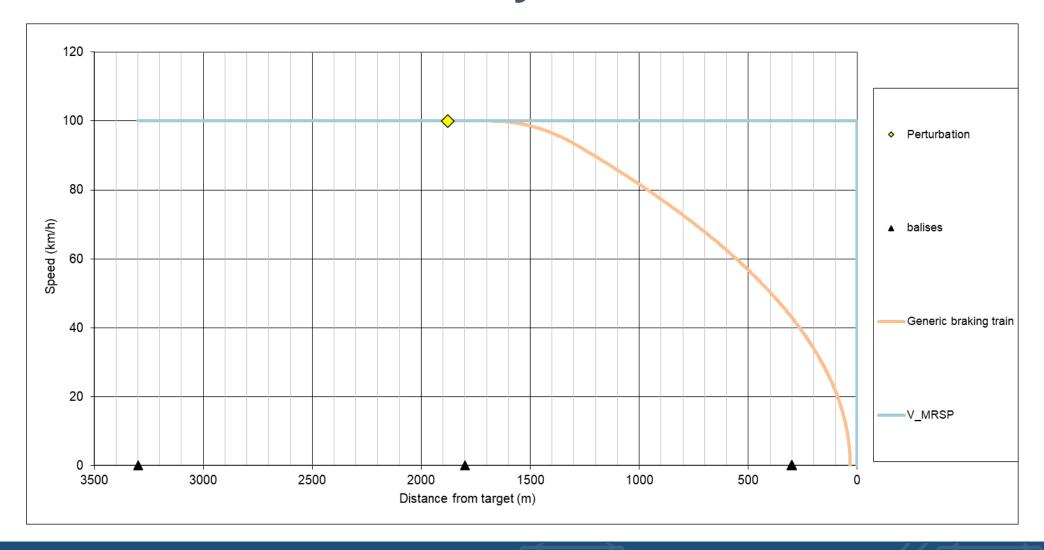




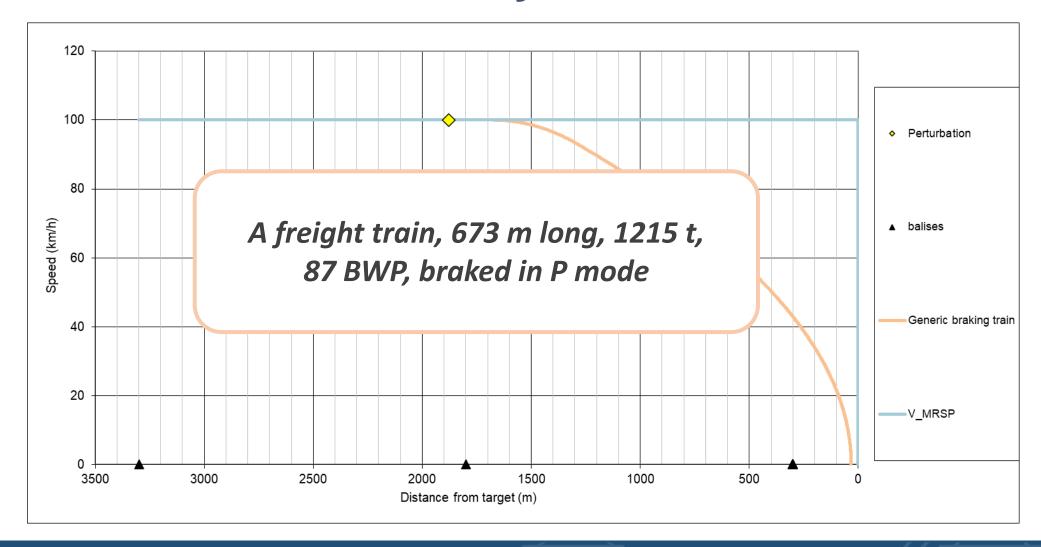








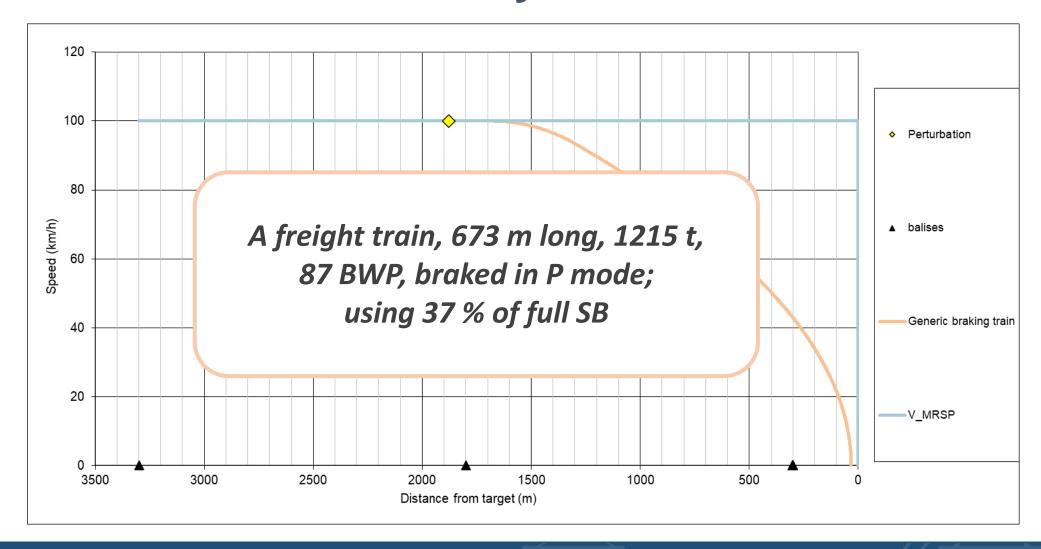








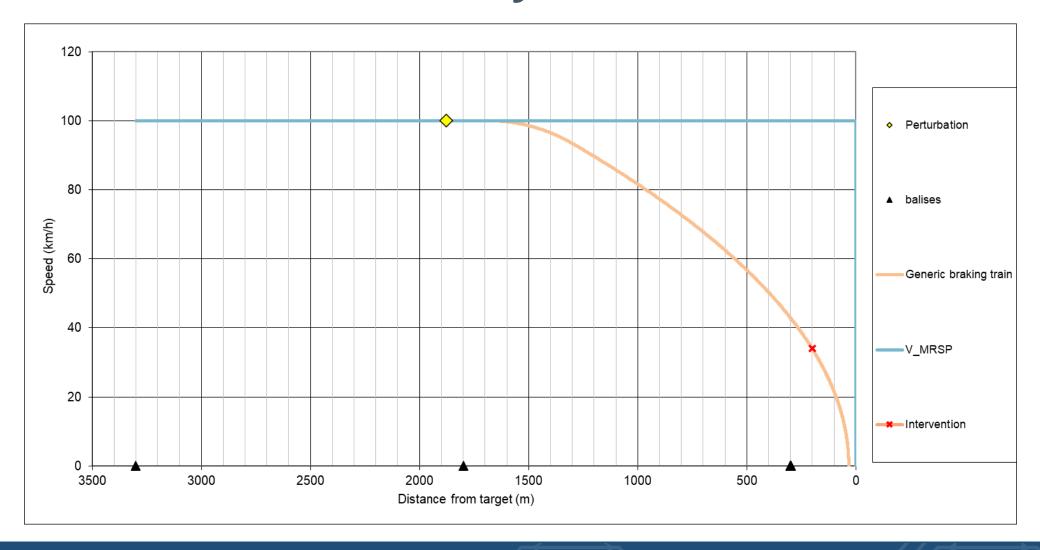




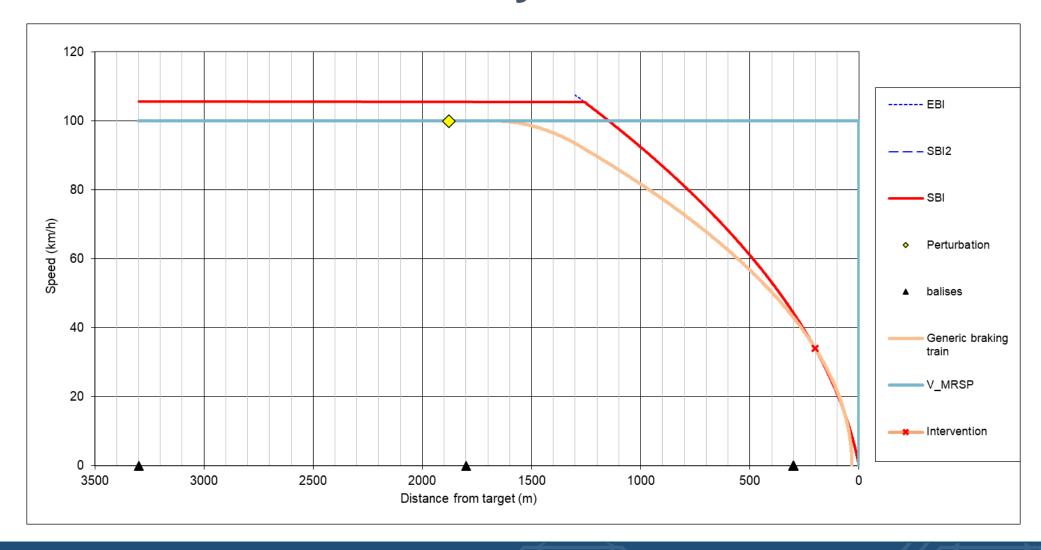




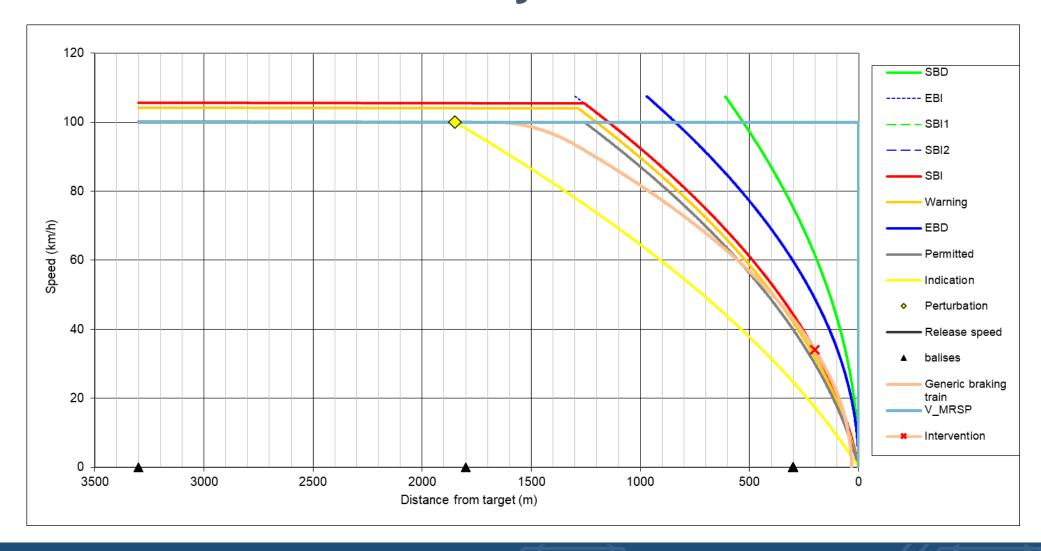














•What did we find out?

There are two assumptions in the ETCS BC computation that can be removed:

- assumption of a constant (accelerating) train speed
- assumption of a constant brake build-up time







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There are two assumptions in the ETCS BC computation that can be removed:

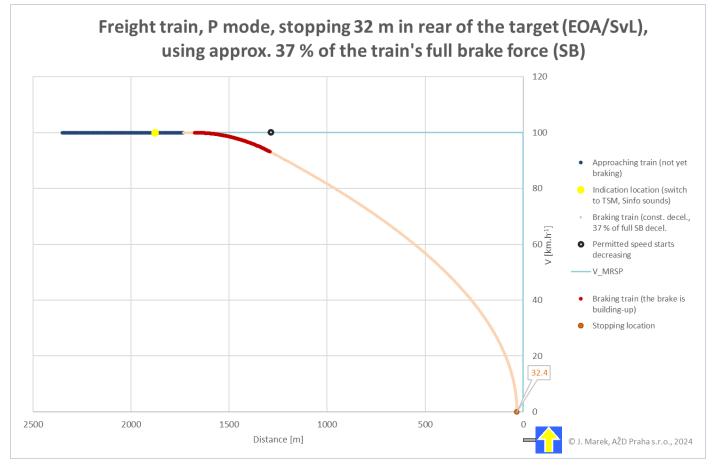
- assumption of a constant (accelerating) train speed
- assumption of a constant brake build-up time







■ Principle: Braking enough ⇒ remove the ETCS supervision limits





■ Principle: Braking enough ⇒ remove the ETCS supervision limits

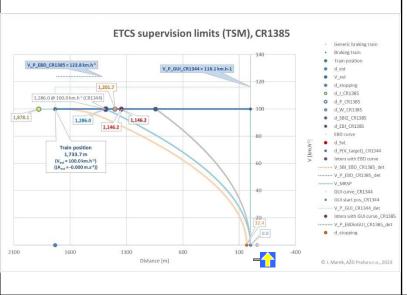
Locations of the ETCS supervision limits acc. to [B3R2 SUBSET-026] vs. [CR1385]

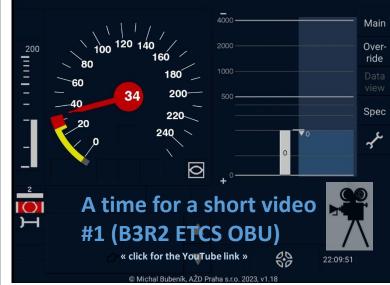
Corresponding display on the DMI – calculations according to

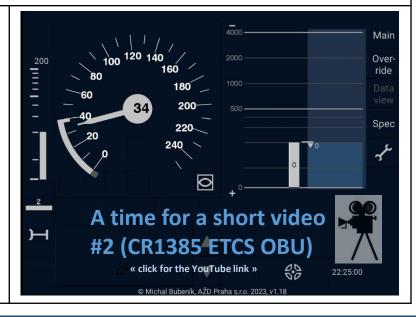
ETCS B3R2 SUBSET-026 & DMI

CR1385, orig. Marek, Myslivec, Bubeník, and Drápal (S+D (112) 3 and 6/2020)

*) The train is braking to a stand with 37 % of its full SB application, stopping 32 m in rear of the EOA/SvL

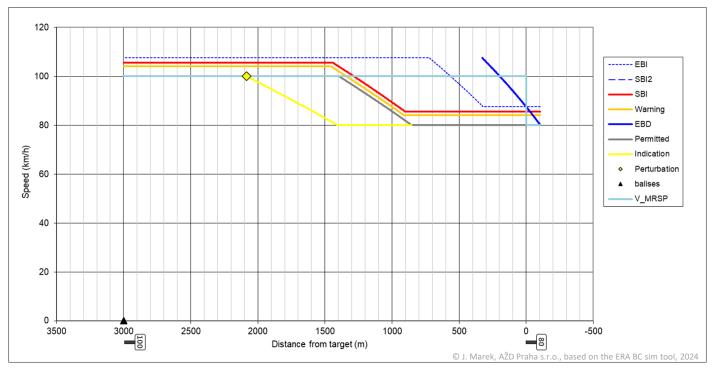






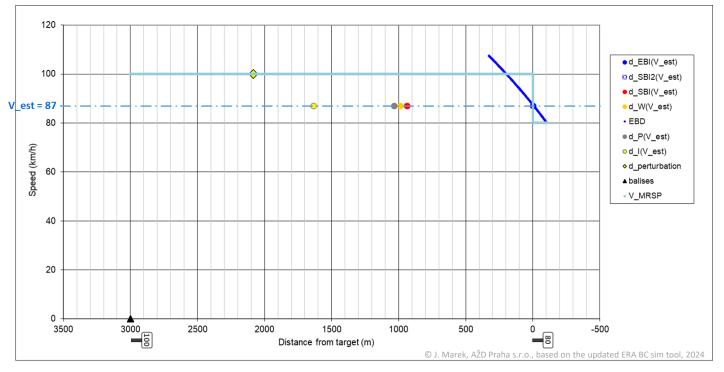


- Principle: Braking enough ⇒ remove the ETCS supervision limits
 - To understand what is to be done, we need to go from the ETCS curves to the ETCS supervision limits, as the OBU sees them – curves:



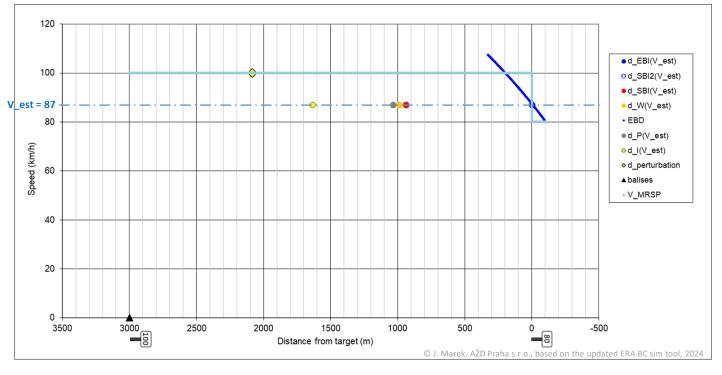


- Principle: Braking enough ⇒ remove the ETCS supervision limits
 - To understand what is to be done, we need to go from the ETCS curves to the ETCS supervision limits, as the OBU sees them – limits (for V_{est}):



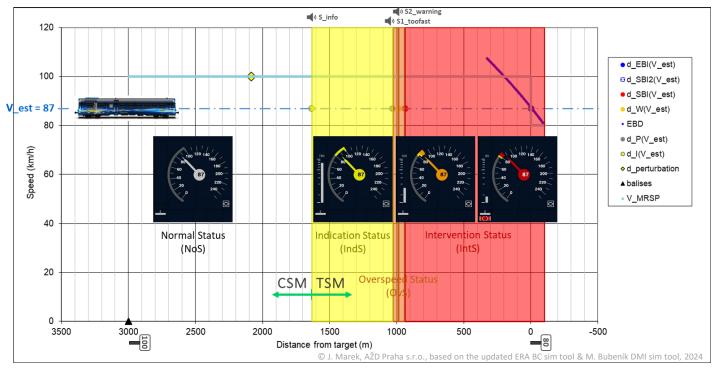


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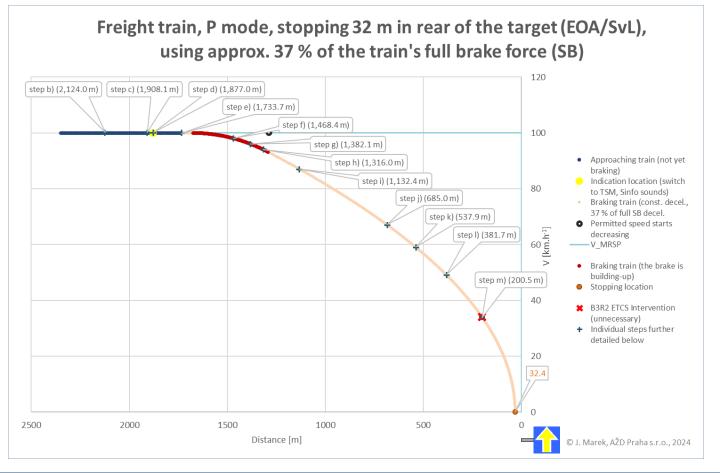


- Principle: Braking enough ⇒ remove the ETCS supervision limits
 - To understand what is to be done, we need to go from the ETCS curves to the ETCS supervision limits, as the OBU sees them – indications:





■ Principle: Braking enough ⇒ remove the ETCS supervision limits





•What is different?

• How can the ETCS supervision limits consider that the train is already braking?





■ Principle: For the trains braking enough (A_{est}), remove the ETCS BCs

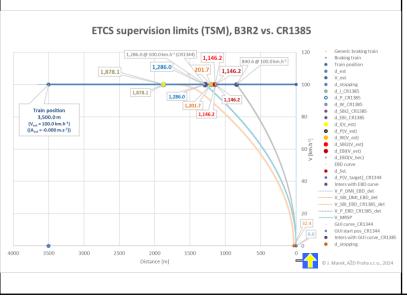
Locations of the ETCS supervision limits acc. to [B3R2 SUBSET-026] vs. [CR1385]

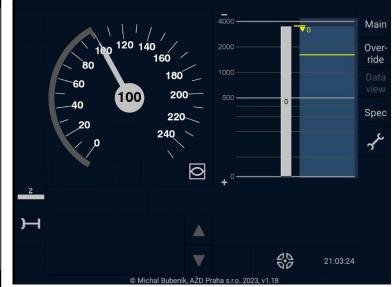
Corresponding display on the DMI – calculations according to

ETCS B3R2 SUBSET-026 & DMI

CR1385, orig. Marek, Myslivec, Bubeník, and Drápal (S+D (112) 3 and 6/2020)

a) The train is approaching a target (EOA/SvL), $d_{est} = 3,500 \text{ m}$, $V_{est} = 100 \text{ km.h}^{-1}$, $A_{est} = 0 \text{ m.s}^{-2}$









■ Principle: For the trains braking enough (A_{est}), remove the ETCS BCs

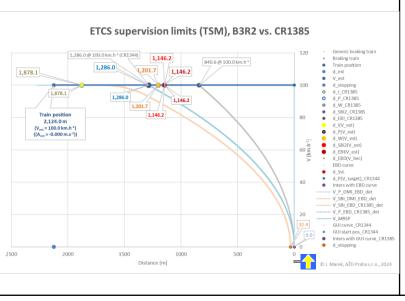
Locations of the ETCS supervision limits acc. to [B3R2 SUBSET-026] vs. [CR1385]

Corresponding display on the DMI – calculations according to

ETCS B3R2 SUBSET-026 & DMI

CR1385, orig. Marek, Myslivec, Bubeník, and Drápal (S+D (112) 3 and 6/2020)

b) The train is approaching a target (EOA/SvL), $d_{est} = 2,124 \text{ m}$, $V_{est} = 100 \text{ km.h}^{-1}$, $A_{est} = 0 \text{ m.s}^{-2}$









■ Principle: For the trains braking enough (A_{est}), remove the ETCS BCs

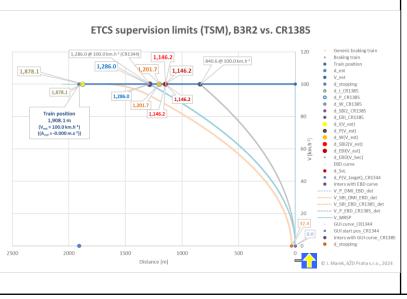
Locations of the ETCS supervision limits acc. to [B3R2 SUBSET-026] vs. [CR1385]

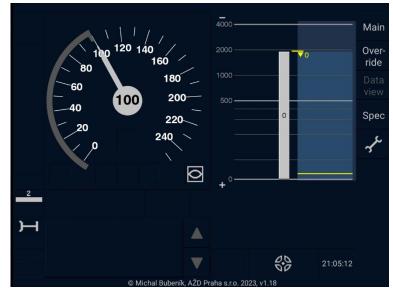
Corresponding display on the DMI – calculations according to

ETCS B3R2 SUBSET-026 & DMI

CR1385, orig. Marek, Myslivec, Bubeník, and Drápal (S+D (112) 3 and 6/2020)

c) The train is approaching a target (EOA/SvL), $d_{est} = 1,908 \text{ m}$, $V_{est} = 100 \text{ km.h}^{-1}$, $A_{est} = 0 \text{ m.s}^{-2}$









■ Principle: For the trains braking enough (A_{est}), remove the ETCS BCs

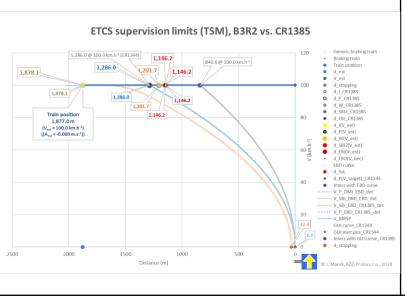
Locations of the ETCS supervision limits acc. to [B3R2 SUBSET-026] vs. [CR1385]

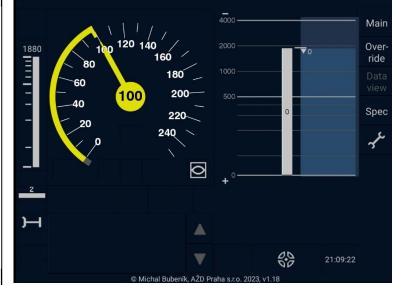
Corresponding display on the DMI – calculations according to

ETCS B3R2 SUBSET-026 & DMI

CR1385, orig. Marek, Myslivec, Bubeník, and Drápal (S+D (112) 3 and 6/2020)

d) The train driver gets the first indication, $d_{est} = 1,877 \text{ m}$, $V_{est} = 100 \text{ km.h}^{-1}$, $A_{est} = 0 \text{ m.s}^{-2}$









Principle: For the trains braking enough (A_{est}), remove the ETCS BCs

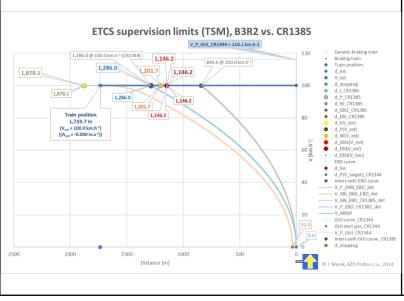
Locations of the ETCS supervision limits acc. to [B3R2 SUBSET-026] vs. [CR1385]

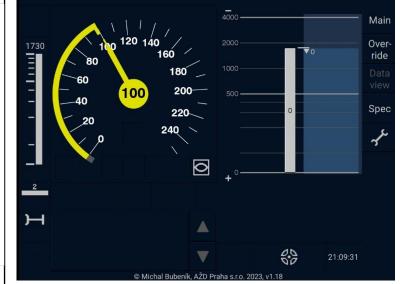
Corresponding display on the DMI – calculations according to

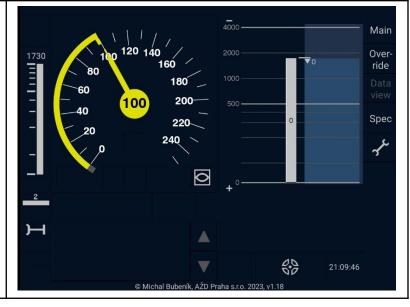
ETCS B3R2 SUBSET-026 & DMI

CR1385, orig. Marek, Myslivec, Bubeník, and Drápal (S+D (112) 3 and 6/2020)

e) The train driver (ATO-OB) triggers the brake application, $d_{est} = 1,734 \text{ m}$, $V_{est} = 100 \text{ km.h}^{-1}$, $A_{est} = -0.266 \text{ m.s}^{-2}$







Principle: For the trains braking enough (A_{est}), remove the ETCS BCs

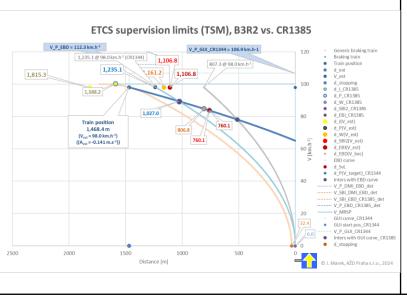
Locations of the ETCS supervision limits acc. to [B3R2 SUBSET-026] vs. [CR1385]

Corresponding display on the DMI – calculations according to

ETCS B3R2 SUBSET-026 & DMI

CR1385, orig. Marek, Myslivec, Bubeník, and Drápal (S+D (112) 3 and 6/2020)

f) The brake is building-up (to 37 % of its full SB application), $d_{est} = 1,468 \text{ m}$, $V_{est} = 98 \text{ km.h}^{-1}$, $A_{est} = -0.141 \text{ m.s}^{-2}$









■ Principle: For the trains braking enough (A_{est}), remove the ETCS BCs

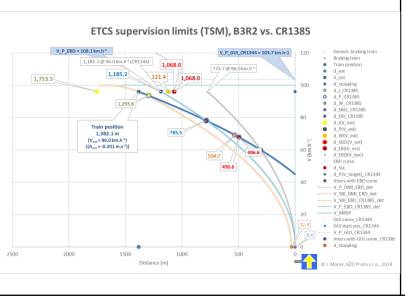
Locations of the ETCS supervision limits acc. to [B3R2 SUBSET-026] vs. [CR1385]

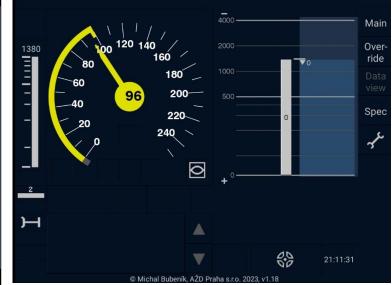
Corresponding display on the DMI – calculations according to

ETCS B3R2 SUBSET-026 & DMI

CR1385, orig. Marek, Myslivec, Bubeník, and Drápal (S+D (112) 3 and 6/2020)

g) The brake is building-up (to 37 % of its full SB application), $d_{est} = 1.382$ m, $V_{est} = 96$ km.h⁻¹, $A_{est} = -0.201$ m.s⁻²









Principle: For the trains braking enough (A_{est}), remove the ETCS BCs

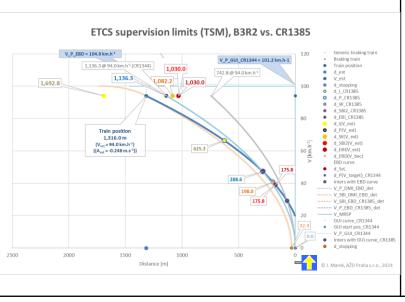
Locations of the ETCS supervision limits acc. to [B3R2 SUBSET-026] vs. [CR1385]

Corresponding display on the DMI – calculations according to

ETCS B3R2 SUBSET-026 & DMI

CR1385, orig. Marek, Myslivec, Bubeník, and Drápal (S+D (112) 3 and 6/2020)

h) The brake is building-up (to 37 % of its full SB application), $d_{est} = 1.316$ m, $V_{est} = 94$ km.h⁻¹, $A_{est} = -0.248$ m.s⁻²









■ Principle: For the trains braking enough (A_{est}), remove the ETCS BCs

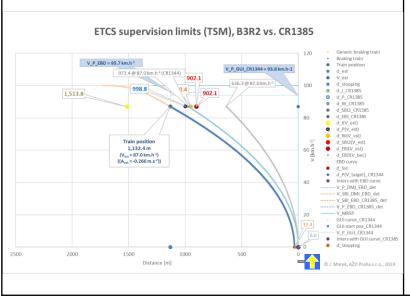
Locations of the ETCS supervision limits acc. to [B3R2 SUBSET-026] vs. [CR1385]

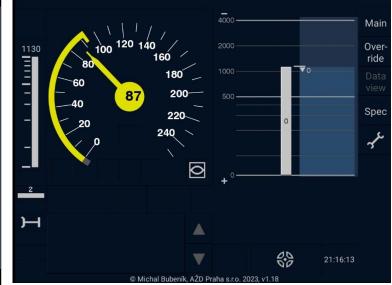
Corresponding display on the DMI – calculations according to

ETCS B3R2 SUBSET-026 & DMI

CR1385, orig. Marek, Myslivec, Bubeník, and Drápal (S+D (112) 3 and 6/2020)

i) The brake has built-up to 37 % of its full SB application, $d_{est} = 1,132 \text{ m}$, $V_{est} = 87 \text{ km.h}^{-1}$, $A_{est} = -0.266 \text{ m.s}^{-2}$









Principle: For the trains braking enough (A_{est}), remove the ETCS BCs

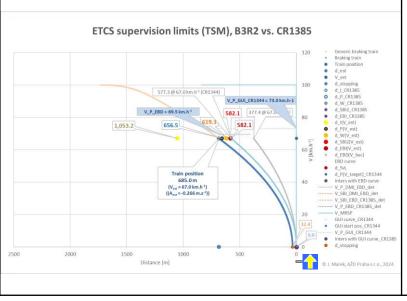
Locations of the ETCS supervision limits acc. to [B3R2 SUBSET-026] vs. [CR1385]

Corresponding display on the DMI – calculations according to

ETCS B3R2 SUBSET-026 & DMI

CR1385, orig. Marek, Myslivec, Bubeník, and Drápal (S+D (112) 3 and 6/2020)

j) The train is braking to a stand with 37 % of its full SB application, $d_{est} = 685 \text{ m}$, $V_{est} = 67 \text{ km.h}^{-1}$, $A_{est} = -0.266 \text{ m.s}^{-2}$









■ Principle: For the trains braking enough (A_{est}), remove the ETCS BCs

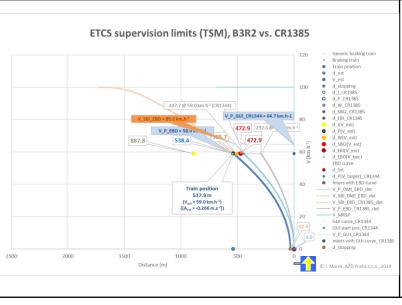
Locations of the ETCS supervision limits acc. to [B3R2 SUBSET-026] vs. [CR1385]

Corresponding display on the DMI – calculations according to

ETCS B3R2 SUBSET-026 & DMI

CR1385, orig. Marek, Myslivec, Bubeník, and Drápal (S+D (112) 3 and 6/2020)

k) The train is braking to a stand with 37 % of its full SB application, $d_{est} = 538 \text{ m}$, $V_{est} = 59 \text{ km.h}^{-1}$, $A_{est} = -0.266 \text{ m.s}^{-2}$









Principle: For the trains braking enough (A_{est}), remove the ETCS BCs

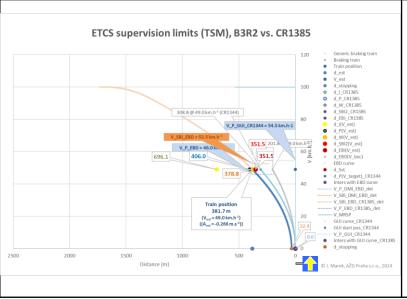
Locations of the ETCS supervision limits acc. to [B3R2 SUBSET-026] vs. [CR1385]

Corresponding display on the DMI – calculations according to

ETCS B3R2 SUBSET-026 & DMI

CR1385, orig. Marek, Myslivec, Bubeník, and Drápal (S+D (112) 3 and 6/2020)

l) The train is braking to a stand with 37 % of its full SB application, $d_{est} = 382 \text{ m}$, $V_{est} = 49 \text{ km.h}^{-1}$, $A_{est} = -0.266 \text{ m.s}^{-2}$









■ Principle: For the trains braking enough (A_{est}), remove the ETCS BCs

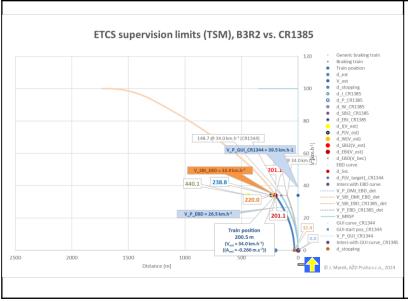
Locations of the ETCS supervision limits acc. to [B3R2 SUBSET-026] vs. [CR1385]

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ETCS B3R2 SUBSET-026 & DMI

CR1385, orig. Marek, Myslivec, Bubeník, and Drápal (S+D (112) 3 and 6/2020)

m) The train is braking to a stand with 37 % of its full SB application, $d_{est} = 201 \text{ m}$, $V_{est} = 34 \text{ km.h}^{-1}$, $A_{est} = -0.266 \text{ m.s}^{-2}$









•What did we find out?

- There are two assumptions in the ETCS BC computation that can be removed:
 - assumption of a constant (accelerating) train speed
 - assumption of a constant brake build-up time







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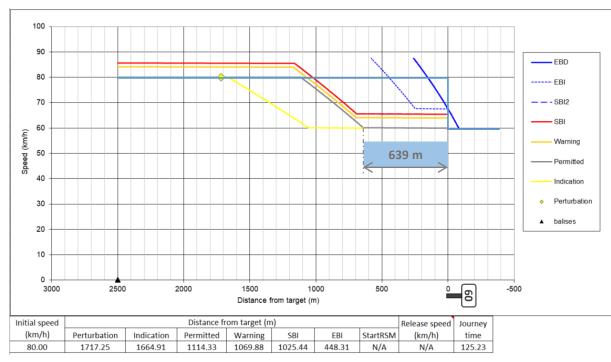


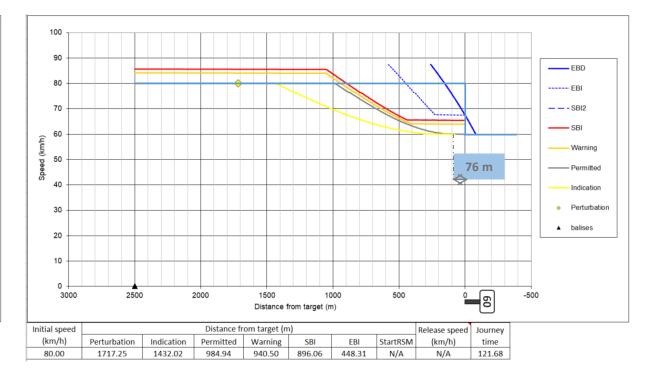




- Principle: consider actual ΔV (V_{est} vs. V_{target}), or even A_{est}
 - previous braking curves (B3R2)

vs. – optimised braking curves (B4R1)





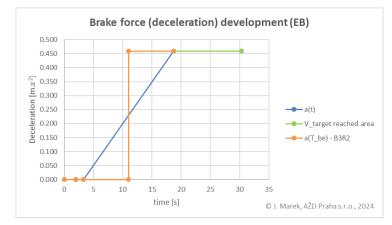


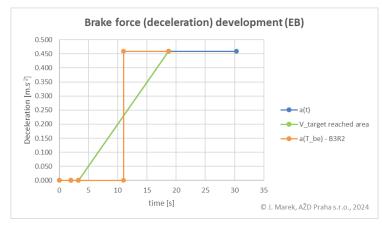
^{*)} Freight train, 673 m, braked in P mode, 87 br.%, SB in TSM allowed

■ Principle: consider actual ∆V (V_{est} vs. V_{target}), or even A_{est}

- When the optimisation is not needed?

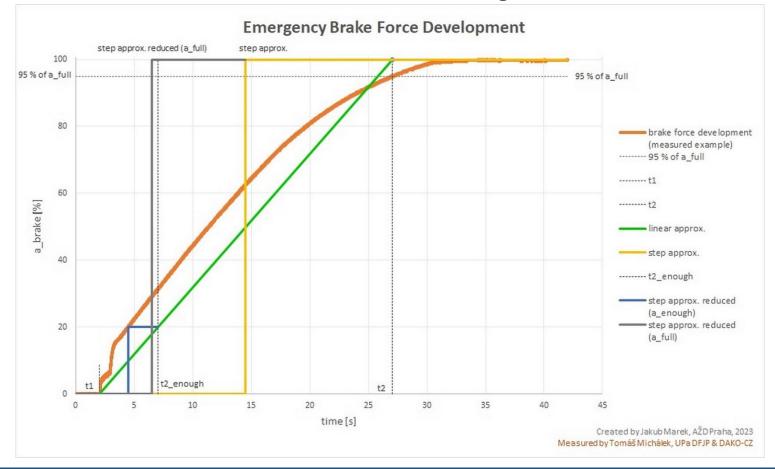
– When the optimisation should be done?







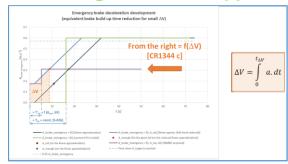
■ Principle: consider actual ΔV (V_{est} vs. V_{target}), or even A_{est}



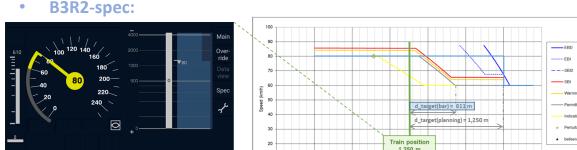




- Optimalisation of the brake build-up time (t_e) B3R2 vs. B4R1:
 - t_e computed for every target individually and is f(V_{target}-V_{est})
 - uses integration of a(t):



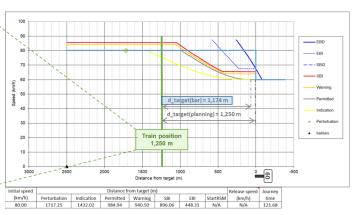
- validated against UIC measu-rements (> 4 000)
- tested by train drivers in NL (ProRail, NS)



B4R1-spec:



Freight train, 673 m, braked in P mode, 87 BWP; SB in TSM allowed



Indication Permitted Warning SBI

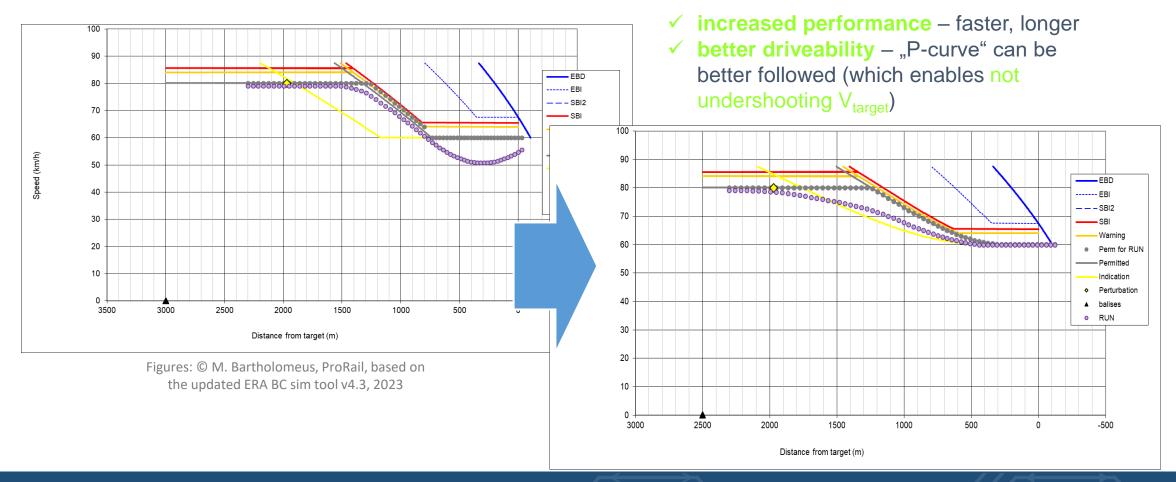
NEO Simulator



! enabler for the future consideration of deceleration (CR1385)



Optimalisation of the brake build-up time (t_e) – benefits:





•What did we find out?

- There are two assumptions in the ETCS BC computation that can be removed:
 - assumption of a constant (accelerating) train speed
 - assumption of a constant brake build-up time





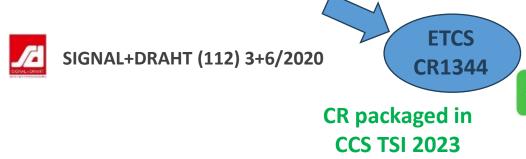


What did we find out?

 There are two assumptions in the ETCS BC computation that can be removed: CR1385

assumption of a constant (accelerating) train speed

assumption of a constant brake build-up time





CR discussion pending, to be

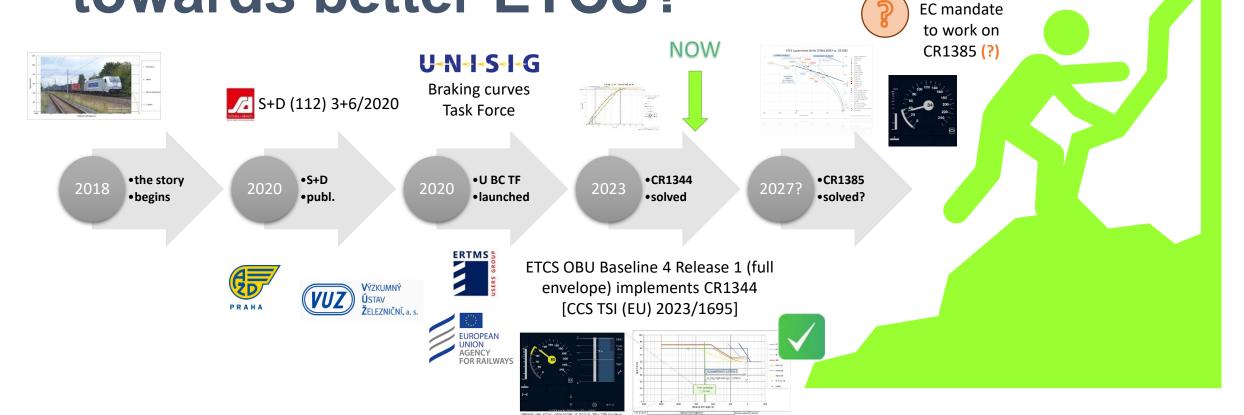
resolved and packaged

hopefully soon

ETCS



•Where are we on this journey towards better ETCS?





ETCS Braking curves: Conclusions



- Some B3R2 assumptions that can be removed, updated to allow:
 - improved performance (allowing trains run faster for longer)
 - better driveability (no undershooting of the target speed)
 - improved safety (removing the use of release speed)

- ✓ Already in CCS TSI 2023
- ✓ Pending official EU discussion

Those assumptions are:



- assumption of a constant brake build-up time (CR1344)
- assumption of a constant train speed (CR1385)
- . . . (see e.g. ERTMS 2024 Conference WS #10b presentations)



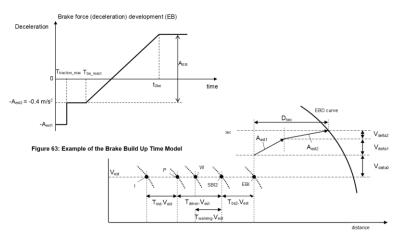
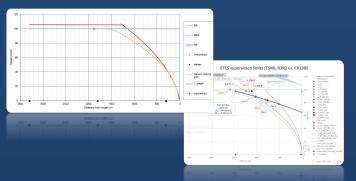


Figure 45: Braking to target supervision limits from EBD curve



Thank you for your attention!



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